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**Abstract of Invited Presentation**

**Ultralow Energy Electron Attachment at Sub-Millielectron Volt Resolution.**

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The technique of rare-gas photoionization<sup>1</sup> has been extended<sup>2</sup> by use of direct laser ionization to electron energies  $\epsilon$  in the range 0-100 meV, with a resolution  $\Delta\epsilon$  of 0.4-0.5 meV (FWHM). Tunable UV light at  $\lambda$ 276 nm is produced using a pulsed Nd:YAG laser and nonlinear mixing techniques. The beam is frequency tripled in a pulsed jet of xenon. The VUV radiation, tunable at  $\lambda$ 92 nm, is then used to photoionize Xe at its  $^2P_{1/2}$  threshold (single-photon ionization). The photoelectrons produced interact with admixed target gas to generate negative ions through the *s*-wave capture process. Recent results in electron attachment to SF<sub>6</sub> will be reported which show resonance structure at the opening of the ground-state vibrational channels<sup>2,3</sup>. This structure corresponds to the process of vibrational excitation + attachment, which is superimposed on the underlying *s*-wave (direct) capture process. It should be a general phenomenon, present in a wide variety of zero-energy electron attaching molecules.

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<sup>1</sup> J. M. Ajello and A. Chutjian, J. Chem. Phys. **65**, 5524 (1976).

<sup>2</sup> A. Kortyna, M. Darrach and A. Chutjian, Bull. Am. Phys. Soc. **43**, 1336 (1998).

<sup>3</sup> H. Hotop *et al.*, AIP Conf. Proc. Ser. 360 (AIP, New York, 1995), and private communication.